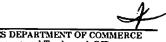


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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/683,779	02/13/2002	Manoharprasad K. Rao	201-0633 FAM	9492	
28549 7	7590 09/30/2003				
KEVIN G. MIERZWA ARTZ & ARTZ, P.C. 28333 TELEGRAPH ROAD, SUITE 250			EXAMINER		
			TRAN, DALENA		
SOUTHFIELD), MI 48034		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3661	· · · ·	
			DATE MAILED: 09/30/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/683,779	RAO ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
*	Dalena Tran	3661					
· The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	66(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	ely filed swill be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 J	<u>uly 2003</u> .						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Thi	s action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.	•						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.		į					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		/					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	·,						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accep	ted or b)□ objected to by the Exar	niner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Application	on No					
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prioring application from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies of the prioring application. 	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	-					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					
S Patent and Trademark Office							



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APPLICATION NO./ CONTROL NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR / PATENT IN REEXAMINATION		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
			EXAMINER	
			ART UNIT	PAPER
				6
			DATE MAILED):

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner for Patents

DETAILED ACTION

Notice to Applicant(s)

1. This office action is responsive to the amendment filed on 7/16/03. Claims 1-20 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.
- 3. Claims 1, and 6, are rejected under 35 U.S.C.102(e) as being anticipated by Lemelson et al. (6,226,389).

As per claim 1, Lemelson et al. discloses a pre-crash sensing system for an automotive vehicle coupled to a coupled to a countermeasure system having at least a first countermeasure and a second countermeasure comprising: a radar or lidar unit generating an object distance signal and object relative velocity signal, a vision system generating an object size signal (see column 2, lines 19-43), and a controller coupled to radar unit or lidar unit and vision unit for activating either first countermeasure or the first and the second countermeasure in response to object distance, relative velocity and object size signals (see columns 2-4, lines 44-35; column 6, lines 14-67; and columns 7-9, lines 30-28).

As per claim 6, Lemelson et al. discloses a pre-crash sensing system for an automotive vehicle coupled to a coupled to a countermeasure system having at least a first countermeasure

Art Unit: 3661

and a second countermeasure comprising: a first sensor for generating an object distance signal and relative velocity signal for an object present in a predefined decision zone, and a second sensor generating an object size signal (see columns 5-6, lines 20-13), and a controller coupled to first and second sensor for activating either first countermeasure or the first and the second countermeasure in response to object distance, relative velocity and object size signals (see columns 2-4, lines 44-35; column 6, lines 14-67; and columns 7-9, lines 30-28).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 2-3, and 7-9, are rejected under 35 U.S.C.103(a) as being unpatentable over Lemelson et al. (6,226,389).

As per claims 2-3, and 7-9, Lemelson et al. disclose object size (see column 2, lines 44-55). Lemelson et al. do not disclose object area and height. However, Lemelson et al. disclose cameras identify the shapes and sizes of objects such as rear and front profiles and their relative sizes or select dimensions. Therefore, it is obvious that object area and height also can be determined.

6. Claim 4, is rejected under 35 U.S.C.103(a) as being unpatentable over Lemelson et al. (6,226,389) in view of Kosiak (5,835,007).

As per claim 4, Lemelson et al. do not disclose longitudinal speed. However, Kosiak discloses a vehicle speed sensor generating a speed signal corresponding to the longitudinal

Application/Control Number: 09/683,779

Art Unit: 3661

speed of the vehicle, wherein controller activates countermeasures in response to the longitudinal speed signal (see columns 3-5, lines 38-24).

7. Claims 5,10-16, and 18, are rejected under 35 U.S.C.103(a) as being unpatentable over Lemelson et al. (6,226,389) in view of Shaw et al. (5,314,037).

As per claim 5, Lemelson et al. do not disclose a decision zone. However, Shaw et al. disclose radar or lidar sensor generates an object distance and relative velocity signals from an object within decision zone and vision sensor confirms the presence of the object within decision zone (see column 3, lines 3-66; and columns 11-12, lines 3-32). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teach of Lemelson et al. by combining radar or lidar sensor generates an object distance and relative velocity signals from an object within decision zone and vision sensor confirms the presence of the object within decision zone for accurately distinguishing an object ahead of vehicle whether it in a danger situation or not for making a decision whether to deploy the airbag system.

Claim 10 is method claim corresponding to system claims 1 and 5 above. Therefore, it is rejected for the same rationales set forth as above.

As per claims 11-14, Lemelson et al. disclose determining object size and select dimensions, wherein activating the countermeasure system in response to the object size and select dimensions area (see columns 2-3, lines 44-44). Lemelson et al. do not disclose object cross sectional area and height. However, Lemelson et al. disclose cameras identify the shapes and sizes of objects such as rear and front profiles and their relative sizes or select dimensions. Therefore, it is obvious that object cross sectional area and height also can be determined.

Application/Control Number: 09/683,779

Art Unit: 3661

As per claim 15, Lemelson et al. do not disclose a decision zone. However, Shaw et al. disclose detecting an object within the decision zone comprises detecting the object within the decision zone with a radar or lidar sensor system and confirming the presence with a vision system (see columns 6-8, lines 43-23). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teach of Lemelson et al. by combining radar or lidar sensor generates an object distance and relative velocity signals from an object within decision zone and vision sensor confirms the presence of the object within decision zone for accurately distinguishing an object ahead of vehicle whether it in a danger situation or not for making a decision whether to deploy the airbag system.

As per claim 16, Lemelson et al. disclose choosing either the first countermeasure or the first and the second countermeasure in response to object size (see columns 2-3, lines 44-44).

Claim 18 is method claim corresponding to system claim 5 above. Therefore, it is rejected for the same rationales set forth as above.

8. Claims 17, and 19-20, are rejected under 35 U.S.C.103(a) as being unpatentable over Lemelson et al. (6,226,389), and Shaw et al. (5,314,037) as applied to claim 10 above, and further in view of Farmer et al. (6,085,151).

As per claim 17, Lemelson et al., and Shaw et al. do not disclose activating the countermeasure system in response to the object size and vehicle orientation. However, Farmer et al. disclose activating the countermeasure system in response to object size comprises activating the countermeasure system in response to the object size and vehicle orientation (see the abstract). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teach of Lemelson et al., and Shaw et al. by combining

Art Unit: 3661

activating the countermeasure system in response to the object size and vehicle orientation to reduce the risk or harm to occupants by the airbag inflator while simultaneously reducing the restraint capacity of the airbag inflator, which places occupants at greater risk for injury when exposed to higher severity crashes.

As per claim 19, Farmer et al. disclose activating the countermeasure system in response to detecting an object within the decision zone (see columns 13-14, lines 20-4).

As per claim 20, Lemelson et al., and Shaw et al. do not disclose different type of countermeasure. However, Farmer et al. disclose activating a first countermeasure comprising pre-arming airbags and pretensioning motorized belt pretensioners, or activating first and second countermeasure comprising adjusting the host vehicle suspension height in response to object size and orientation (see column 6, lines 13-36). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teach of Lemelson et al., and Shaw et al. by combining activating a first countermeasure comprising pre-arming airbags and pretensioning motorized belt pretensioners, or activating first and second countermeasure comprising adjusting the host vehicle suspension height in response to object size and orientation to provide sufficient and properly restraint for normally positioned occupants.

Remarks

9. Applicant's argument filed on 7/16/03 has been fully considered and they are deemed to be persuasive. However, upon updated search, the new ground of rejection has been set forth as above.

Application/Control Number: 09/683,779

Art Unit: 3661

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Dalena Tran whose telephone number is 703-308-8223. The

examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30 AM-5:30 PM), off every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, William Cuchlinski can be reached on 703-308-3873. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-7687 for regular

communications and 703-305-7687 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is

703-308-1113.

TAN Q. NGUYEN PRIMARY EXAMINI Page 7

PRIMARY EXAMIN

/dt

September 17, 2003